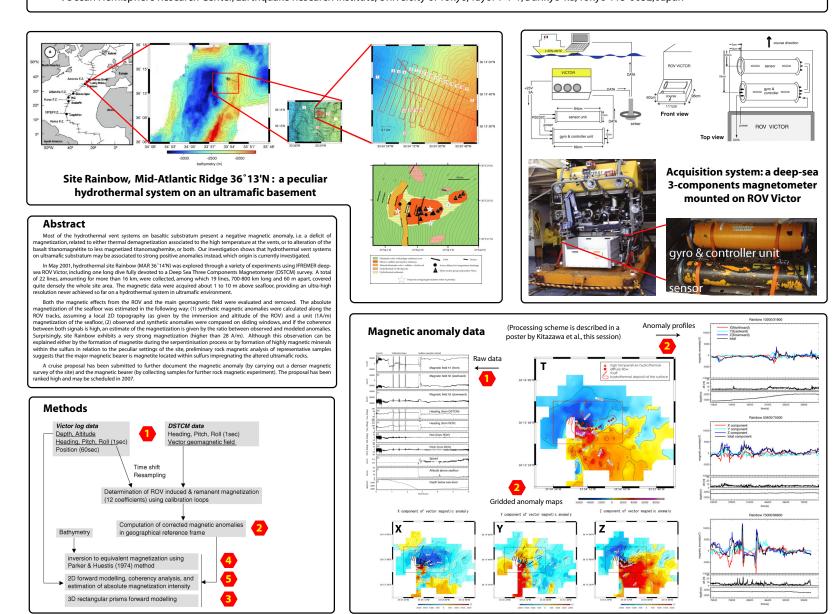
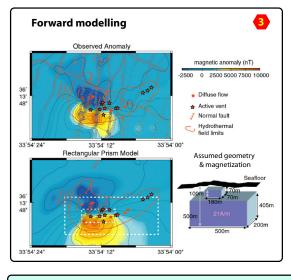
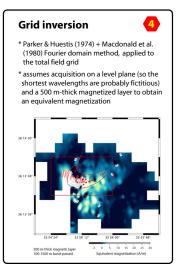
A positive magnetic anomaly at Rainbow hydrothermal site in ultramafic environment

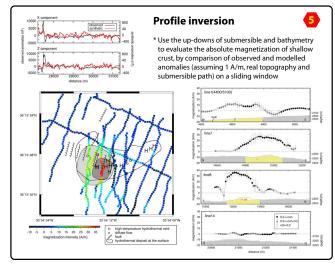
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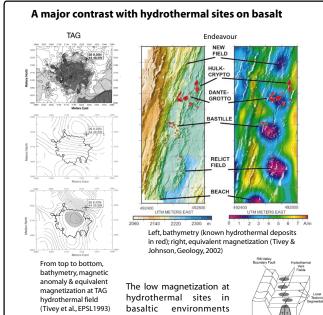






Result: a strong positive magnetic anomaly is associated to the most active area of site Rainbow; it corresponds to magnetization intensity higher than 30 A/m.

Measurements of the Natural Remanent Magnetization (NRM) and the magnetic susceptibility on a limited number of representative samples shows that serpentinized peridotites and pure sulfurs from hydrothermal chimneys both bear a relatively low magnetization. The strongest magnetization is observed for sulfur-impregnated serpentinized peridotites, with magnetite as the principal magnetic mineral. Sample DR1C01, with a remanent magnetization of 12 A/m and induced magnetization of 15 A/m, is close to values deduced from the magnetic anomaly analysis.



the thermal demagnetization related to the high

- may be due to
- temperature below the sites (transient effect) the alteration of titanomagnetite to less-magnetic titanomaghemite, related to the fluid circulation below the sites (permanent effect)

Some perspectives

* More detailed investigations are planned as part of a cruise project dedicated to the role of iron in geological and biological processes at site Rainbow; the proposal includes a more detailed magnetic survey of the whole site, to better constrain the



- cruise MOMAR DREAM
- * Results from Rainbow should be generalized to other sites with ultramafic basement
- * Ultimately, round-shaped, local magnetic anomalies observed on high-resolution, deep-sea magnetic survey, will be used to detect new hydrothermal sites; the sign of the anomalies will eventually indicate the nature of the site, i.e. whether it is located on basaltic or ultramafic basement.